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MTH 418 Graph Theory Spring 2016, 1–1

## HW Three, MTH 418, Spring 2016

## Ayman Badawi

- **QUESTION 1.** (i) Let *H* be a circuit graph that is not a cycle. First show that *H* has at least 5 vertices. Then show that *H* must have a cycle (i.e., show that girth of H not = infinity)
- (ii) Construct a graph H that is a circuit but not a cycle with exactly 7 edges. Find the girth of H.
- (iii) Let H be a connected graph with diameter 3. Prove (in at most three lines) that  $\overline{G}$  is connected.
- (iv) Let H be a graph of order m,  $d_1 = |E(H)|$ , and  $d_2 = |E(\overline{H})|$ . Prove that  $d_1 + d_2 = \frac{m^2 m}{2}$ .
- (v) Find the adjacency matrix of  $C_4$ , say A. Use a calculator and find the eigenvalues of A, say  $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4$  (there must be 4 eigenvalues but not necessarily distinct). Find  $d = a_1^2 + ... + a_4^2$ . What is the relation between d and the size of  $C_4$ . In fact, your conclusion is true if we let A be an adjacency matrix of a graph H (nothing special about  $C_4$ ).
- (vi) Let *H* be a graph with vertex-set =  $\{v_1, ..., v_j\}$  and  $D = K_3$  with vertex-set =  $\{w_1, w_2, w_3\}$ , Let  $F = H \times D$  (Graph Product). Hence  $(v_1, w_1), (v_2, w_3) \in V(F)$ . Assume  $v_1 v_3 v_5 v_2$  is the shortest path (walk) in *H* from  $v_1$  to  $v_2$ . Find the distance between  $(v_1, w_1)$  and  $(v_2, w_3)$ . Construct a shortest path from  $(v_1, w_1)$  to  $(v_2, w_3)$ .
- (vii) Let  $H = K_{3,3}$ . Construct two graphs F, D such that F, D, H are non-isomorphic graphs but H, F, and D have the same associated non-increasing sequence on the degrees of the vertices.
- (viii) Convince me that it is impossible to construct a graph of order 7 such that each vertex is of degree 5. Convince me it is possible to construct a graph of order 8 such that each vertex is of degree 6. If possible, Construct a connected graph of order 8 such that each vertex is of degree 5.
- (ix) Give me an example of two graphs, each is of order 6, both have the same associated non-increasing sequence on the degrees of the vertices, but one of them is disconnected while the other is connected.

## Due date: Sunday at noon March 20,2016 Faculty information

Ayman Badawi, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, American University of Sharjah, P.O. Box 26666, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates. E-mail: abadawi@aus.edu, www.ayman-badawi.com